

Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)



Did you know?

According to the American Cancer Society, the lifetime risk of developing colorectal cancer is about 1 in 23 for men and 1 in 25 for women. Early stages of colorectal cancer typically present no symptoms. However, many of these cancers can be prevented through regular screening. When treated at its earliest stage, colorectal cancer can have a 90% survival rate after five years.



Measure description

Medicare members ages 45 to 75 as of Dec. 31 of the measurement year (MY) who received one or more of the following screenings for colorectal cancer:

- ✓ Colonoscopy (also known as lower endoscopy) during the MY or the nine years prior.
- ✓ Flexible sigmoidoscopy during the MY or the four years prior.
- ✓ CT colonography (virtual colonoscopy) during the MY or the four years prior.
- ✓ Stool DNA (sDNA) with fecal immunochemical (FIT) test during the MY or two years prior.
- ✓ Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) during the MY; gFOBT (guaiac), FIT/iFOBT (immunochemical).

(continued)

For more than 20 years, Wellcare has offered a range of Medicare products, which offer affordable coverage beyond Original Medicare. Beginning Jan. 1, 2022, our affiliated Medicare product brands, including Allwell, Health Net, Fidelis Care, Trillium Advantage and 'Ohana Health Plan transitioned to the newly refreshed Wellcare brand. If you have any questions, please contact Provider Relations.



By Allwell
 By Fidelis Care
 By Health Net
 By 'Ohana Health Plan
 By Trillium Advantage



Key tips

- ✓ Educate members on the importance of colorectal cancer screenings for early detection and the complete screening options available.
- ✓ Talk with patients about using home kits for colorectal cancer screening as an option.
- ✓ Educate patients on proper sample collection when distributing FIT or FOBT testing kits.
- ✓ Complete and document all screenings for patients, including date of service.
- ✓ Help patients schedule colonoscopy screening appointments.



What do you need to do?

- ✓ Submit claims (CPT, CPT II codes, etc.) and encounter data in a timely manner, including diagnosis codes.

The following codes can be used to close Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) numerator gaps in care; they are not intended to be a directive of your billing practice.

Colonoscopy

CPT®/CPTII 44388, 44389, 44390, 44391, 44392, 44394, 44401, 44402, 44403, 44404, 44405, 44406, 44407, 44408, 45378, 45379, 45380, 45381, 45382, 45384, 45385, 45386, 45388, 45389, 45390, 45391, 45392, 45393, 45398

HCPCS G0105, G0121

Computed Tomography (CT) Colonography

CPT®/CPTII 74261, 74262, 74263

Stool DNA (sDNA) with FIT Test

CPT®/CPTII 81528
This code is specific to the Cologuard® FIT-DNA test.

Flexible Sigmoidoscopy

CPT®/CPTII 45330, 45331, 45332, 45333, 45334, 45335, 45337, 45338, 45340, 45341, 45342, 45346, 45347, 45349, 45350

HCPCS G0104

FOBT

CPT®/CPTII 82270

HCPCS G0328

FIT

CPT®/CPTII 82274